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shall be present in the product in a significant amount. A significant amount of an ingredient or component of an ingredient is at least that amount that is required to achieve the technical effect of that ingredient in the food.

- (5) Water and fat analogs may be added to replace fat and calories in accordance with \$130.10(c), (d)(1), and (d)(2).
- (e) Nomenclature. The name of a substitute food that complies with all parts of this regulation is the appropriate expressed nutrient content claim and the applicable standardized term.
- (f) Label declaration. (1) Each of the ingredients used in the food shall be declared on the label as required by the applicable sections of part 101 of this chapter and part 130.
- (2) Ingredients not provided for, and ingredients used in excess of those levels provided for, by the standard as defined in parts 131 through 169 of this chapter, shall be identified as such with an asterisk in the ingredient statement, except that ingredients added to restore nutrients to the product as required in paragraph (b) of this section shall not be identified with an The statement "*Ingredient(s) not in regular (fill in name of the traditional standardized food) or "*Ingredient(s) in excess of amount permitted in regular (fill in name of the traditional standardized food) or both as appropriate shall immediately follow the ingredient statement in the same type

[58 FR 2446, Jan. 6, 1993]

§ 130.11 Label designations of ingredients for standardized foods.

Some definitions and standards of identity for foods set forth below require that designated optional ingredients such as spices, flavorings, colorings, emulsifiers, flavor enhancers, stabilizers, preservatives, and sweeteners be declared in a specified manner on the label wherever the name of the standardized food appears on the label so conspicuously as to be easily seen under customary conditions of purchase. Such requirements shall apply to a manufacturer, packer, or distributor of a standardized food only if

the words or statements on the label of the standardized food significantly differentiate between two or more foods that comply with the same standard by describing the optional forms or varieties, the packing medium, or significant characterizing ingredients present in the food.

[58 FR 2876, Jan. 6, 1993]

§ 130.12 General methods for water capacity and fill of containers.

For the purposes of regulations promulgated under section 401 of the act:

- (a) The term general method for water capacity of containers means the following method:
- (1) In the case of a container with lid attached by double seam, cut out the lid without removing or altering the height of the double seam.
- (2) Wash, dry, and weigh the empty container.
- (3) Fill the container with distilled water at 68 °F to 3/6 inch vertical distance below the top level of the container, and weigh the container thus filled.
- (4) Subtract the weight found in paragraph (a)(2) of this section from the weight found in paragraph (a)(3) of this section. The difference shall be considered to be the weight of water required to fill the container.

In the case of a container with lid attached otherwise than by double seam, remove the lid and proceed as directed in paragraphs (a) (2) to (4) of this section, except that under paragraph (a)(3) of this section, fill the container to the level of the top thereof.

- (b) The term general method for fill of containers means the following method:
- (1) In the case of a container with lid attached by double seam, cut out the lid without removing or altering the height of the double seam.
- (2) Measure the vertical distance from the top level of the container to the top level of the food.
- (3) Remove the food from the container; wash, dry, and weigh the container.
- (4) Fill the container with water to $\frac{3}{16}$ inch vertical distance below the top level of the container. Record the temperature of the water, weigh the container thus filled, and determine the